By: Representatives Barnett (92nd), Ellington, Howell, Malone, Martinson, Compretta, Davis To: Public Health and Welfare

HOUSE BILL NO. 954

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE ANY PERSON TO USE AN AUTOMATED EXTERNAL 1 2 DEFIBRILLATOR FOR THE PURPOSE OF SAVING THE LIFE OF ANOTHER PERSON 3 IN SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH IF THEY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ACT; 4 TO REQUIRE PERSONS WHO USE AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS TO 5 OBTAIN APPROPRIATE TRAINING AND TO ACTIVATE THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES SYSTEM UPON USE OF THE DEFIBRILLATOR; TO AMEND SECTION 73-25-37, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL б 7 LIABILITY TO CERTAIN PERSONS RENDERING EMERGENCY CARE IN GOOD 8 9 FAITH WITH AN AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR; AND FOR RELATED 10 PURPOSES.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 12 <u>SECTION 1.</u> The Legislature of the State of Mississippi finds 13 that:

14 (a) Each year more than two hundred fifty thousand 15 (250,000) Americans die from out-of-hospital sudden cardiac 16 arrest. More than ninety-five percent (95%) of those persons 17 having cardiac arrest die, in many cases because lifesaving 18 defibrillators arrive on the scene too late, if at all;

19 (b) The American Heart Association estimates that more 20 than twenty thousand (20,000) deaths could be prevented each year 21 if defibrillators were more widely available to designated 22 responders; and

(c) Many communities around the country have invested in 911 emergency response systems, emergency personnel, and ambulance vehicles, but many of them do not have enough defibrillators in their community.

27 Therefore, it is the intent of this act to encourage greater 28 acquisition, deployment and use of automated external 29 defibrillators in communities across the State of Mississippi. 30 <u>SECTION 2.</u> As used in this act:

H. B. No. 954 99\HR40\R1164.1 PAGE 1 31 (a) "AED" means an automated external defibrillator, which is a device, heart monitor and defibrillator that: 32 33 Has received approval of its pre-market (i) notification filed under 21 USCS, Section 360(k) from the United 34 States Food and Drug Administration; 35 Is capable of recognizing the presence or 36 (ii) 37 absence of ventricular fibrillation, which is an abnormal heart rhythm that causes the ventricles of the heart to quiver and 38 39 renders the heart unable to pump blood, or rapid ventricular 40 tachycardia, which is a rapid heartbeat in the ventricles and is 41 capable of determining, without intervention by an operator, 42 whether defibrillation should be performed; and 43 (iii) Upon determining that defibrillation should be performed, automatically charges and advises the operator to 44 deliver hands-free external electrical shock to patients to 45 46 terminate ventricular fibrillation or ventricular tachycardia when 47 the heart rate exceeds a preset value. "Emergency medical services (EMS) notification" 48 (b) 49 means activation of the 911 emergency response system or the 50 equivalent. 51 SECTION 3. Any person may use an automated external defibrillator for the purpose of saving the life of another person 52 53 in sudden cardiac death, subject to the following requirements: 54 A Mississippi licensed physician must exercise (a) 55 medical control authority over the person using the AED to ensure 56 compliance with requirements for training, emergency medical 57 services (EMS) notification and maintenance; 58 (b) The person using the AED must have received appropriate training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and in 59 60 the use of an AED by the American Heart Association, American Red 61 Cross, National Safety Council or other nationally recognized course in CPR and AED use; 62

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(c) The AED must not operate in a manual mode except

H. B. No. 954 99\HR40\R1164.1 PAGE 2 64 when access control devices are in place or when appropriately 65 licensed individuals such as registered nurses, physicians or 66 emergency medical technician-paramedics utilize the AED; and

(d) Any person who renders emergency care or treatment
on a person in sudden cardiac death by using an AED must activate
the EMS system as soon as possible, and report any clinical use of
the AED to the licensed physician.

71 <u>SECTION 4.</u> An individual may use an AED if all of the 72 requirements of Section 3 of this act are met. However, nothing 73 in this act shall limit the right of an individual to practice a 74 health occupation that the individual is otherwise authorized to 75 practice under the laws of Mississippi.

76 SECTION 5. Section 73-25-37, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 77 amended as follows:

73-25-37. (1) No duly licensed, practicing physician, 78 79 dentist, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, certified registered emergency medical technician, or any other person who, 80 81 in good faith and in the exercise of reasonable care, renders emergency care to any injured person at the scene of an emergency, 82 or in transporting the injured person to a point where medical 83 84 assistance can be reasonably expected, shall be liable for any civil damages to the injured person as a result of any acts 85 86 committed in good faith and in the exercise of reasonable care or 87 omissions in good faith and in the exercise of reasonable care by 88 such persons in rendering the emergency care to the injured 89 person.

90 (2) (a) Any person who in good faith, with or without 91 compensation, renders emergency care or treatment by the use of an 92 automated external defibrillator (AED) in accordance with the 93 provisions of Section 1 through 4 of this act, shall be immune 94 from civil liability for any personal injury as a result of that 95 care or treatment, or as a result of any act, or failure to act, 96 in providing or arranging further medical treatment, where the

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97 person acts as an ordinary, reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances and the person's 98 99 actions or failure to act does not amount to willful or wanton misconduct or gross negligence. 100 (b) The immunity from civil liability for any personal 101 102 injury under subsection (2)(a) of this section includes the licensed physician who is involved with AED site placement, and 103 the person who provides the CPR and AED training. 104 (c) The immunity from civil liability under subsection 105 106 (2)(a) of this section does not apply if the personal injury 107 results from the gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct 108 of the person rendering the emergency care. SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from 109 110 and after July 1, 1999.